



Vehicle Emissions Remote Sensing in the Roadworthiness Package

Synergies with
Particle Number Counting

Fabio Pelosi
Business Development Manager

VERT Forum
20/03/2026 – METAS, Bern - Switzerland

www.opusrse.com

The Air Quality Challenge

- 1 **Air pollution is the fourth leading cause of death** in the world and road transport is one of the main sources of pollution.
- 2 **1-3% of vehicles responsible for up to 40% of total traffic emissions.**
- 3 **Traditional PTI limited:** infrequent, predictable, vulnerable to circumvention
- 4 **Need for Real-world emissions data** to complement periodic testing and close enforcement gaps

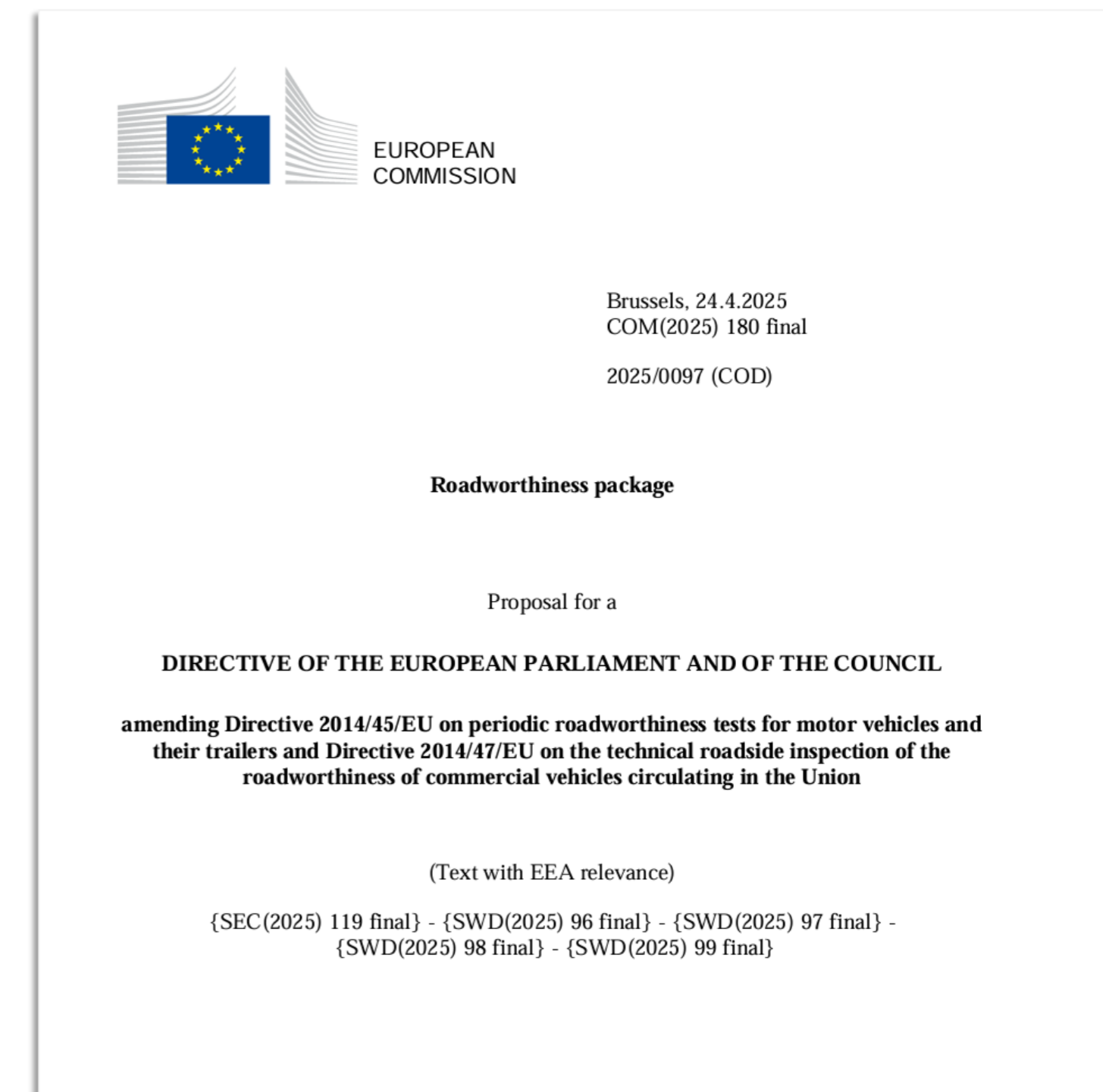
Roadworthiness Package

Vehicle emissions RS obligations



The European Commission has released its roadworthiness update package. This proposal reviews the Directives 2014/47/EU on roadside inspections of vehicles and 2014/45/EU on periodic roadworthiness tests for motor vehicles

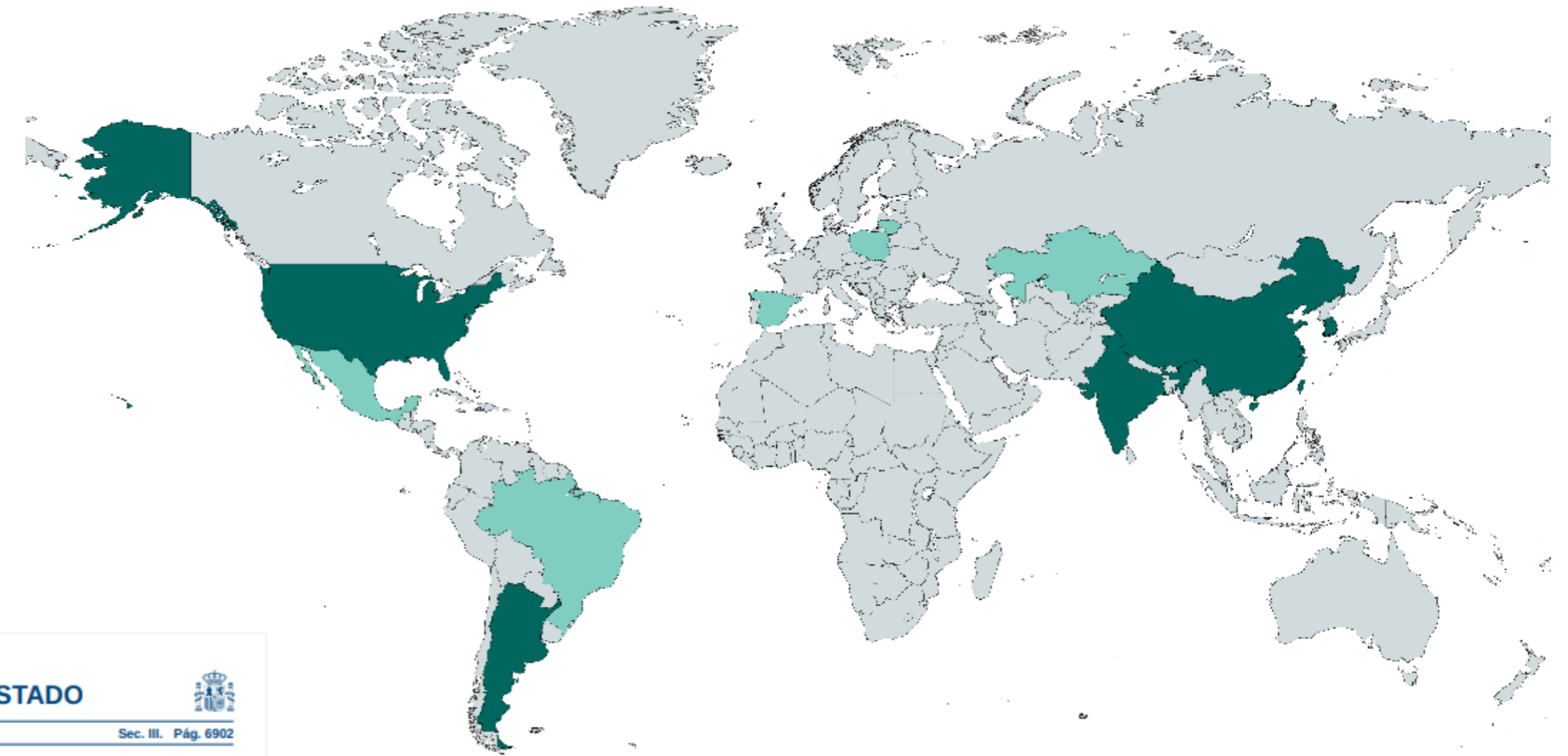
- 1 National authorities in **all EU countries are required to equip** themselves with **remote sensing devices**.
- 2 All EU countries **must measure the real-world emissions of 30%** of their registered fleet each year with RSDs.
- 3 All EU countries **must detect high emitters** with RSDs. They must report this to the Commission for centralized monitoring and market surveillance.
- 4 **High-emitters must be enforced**. Verification in roadside inspections or PTIs is optional.
- 5 If **foreign high-emitters** are detected, they must **inform the responsible Member State**, who must request the owner to present the vehicle at any authorized testing center within a maximum period of 45 days.



UNE

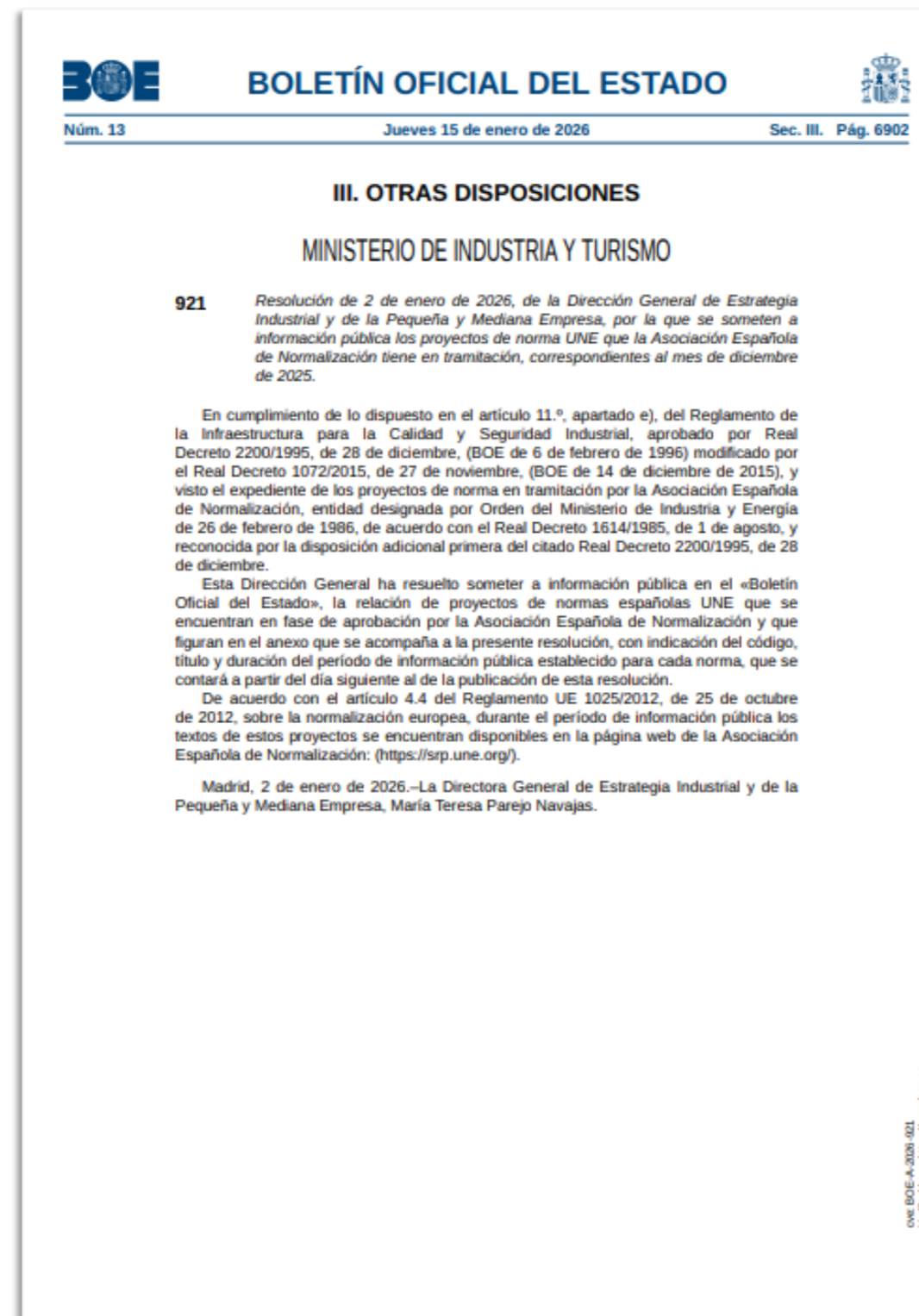
Vehicle emissions RS standard

- The Spanish Association for Standardization, UNE, and the Spanish Metrology Centre, CEM, have developed a **UNE standard for instruments used for vehicle emission remote sensing**.
- This pioneering standard, published on 15th of January 2016, will harmonize this type of instrument in Spain, and develop a **basis for future regulation**.
- As any UNE standard, once published in Spain, it will be **easily adopted or replicated** by other countries.



Vehicle emissions remote sensing regulations

- Regulated
- Draft or under study



PM Detection via UV Opacity

OPUS RSE employs UV opacity measurement at 230nm wavelength — a physics-based approach that delivers superior sensitivity compared to conventional visible-light opacity meters used in traditional PTI.

Why UV at 230nm?

UV light at this wavelength is far more sensitive to fine particles than traditional green-light opacity measurements. Smaller particles that scatter visible light poorly are captured effectively in the UV spectrum — directly targeting the PM_{2.5} fraction most harmful to human health.

Output & Application

Results are expressed as **grams of PM per kilogram of fuel burned**, enabling direct comparison across:

- vehicle types
- fuel categories
- measurement campaigns.

This makes UV opacity an effective first-line screen for identifying high-PM emitters across mixed urban and highway fleets.

RSD + PN COUNTING: A POWERFUL SYNERGY

1. Creating a seamless two-stage enforcement pipeline.



Mass RSD Screening at scale

Flagging high-emitters for follow-up. No traffic disruption, no driver intervention required.



PN at PTI / Roadside

Flagged vehicles are directed to a PTI station or roadside check where particle number counting provides an exact, legally defensible count of ultrafine particles.

RSD + PN COUNTING: A POWERFUL SYNERGY

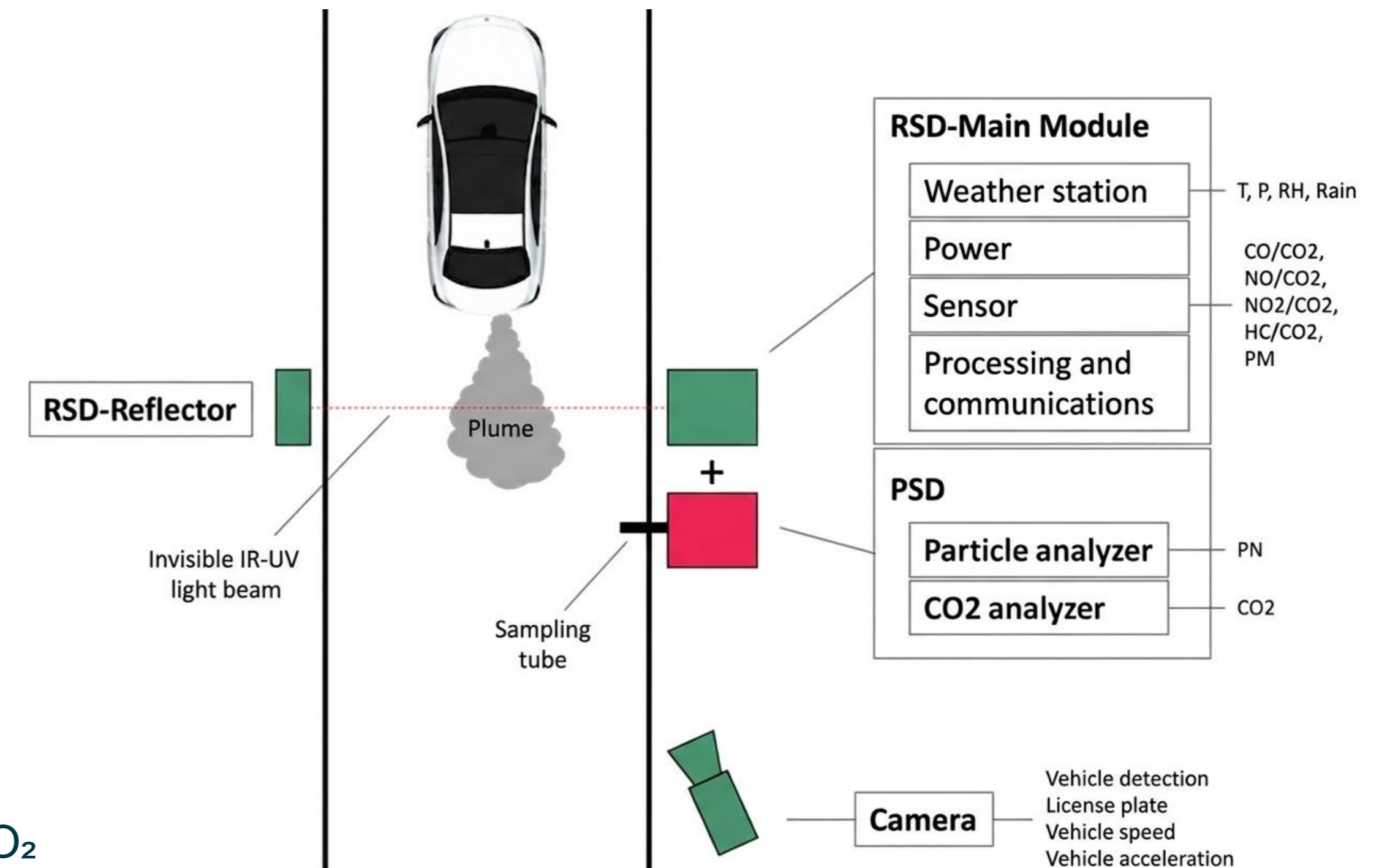
2. Integrated Particle Sampling Device (PSD)

PSD Specifications

Detection Capability: Ultrafine particles down to 10 nm diameter

Measurement Method: Extractive point sampling with continuous monitoring

Synchronized Parameters: PN/CO₂ ratio, vehicle kinematics and ambient conditions



Integrated System Outputs

- **Gaseous Emissions:** CO/CO₂, NO/CO₂, NO₂/CO₂, HC/CO₂, NH₃/CO₂
- **Particulate Mass:** PM via UV opacity at 230nm
- **Particulate Number:** PN count and PN/CO₂ ratio

RSD + PN COUNTING: A POWERFUL SYNERGY

2. Integrated Particle Sampling Device (PSD)

Test Vehicles

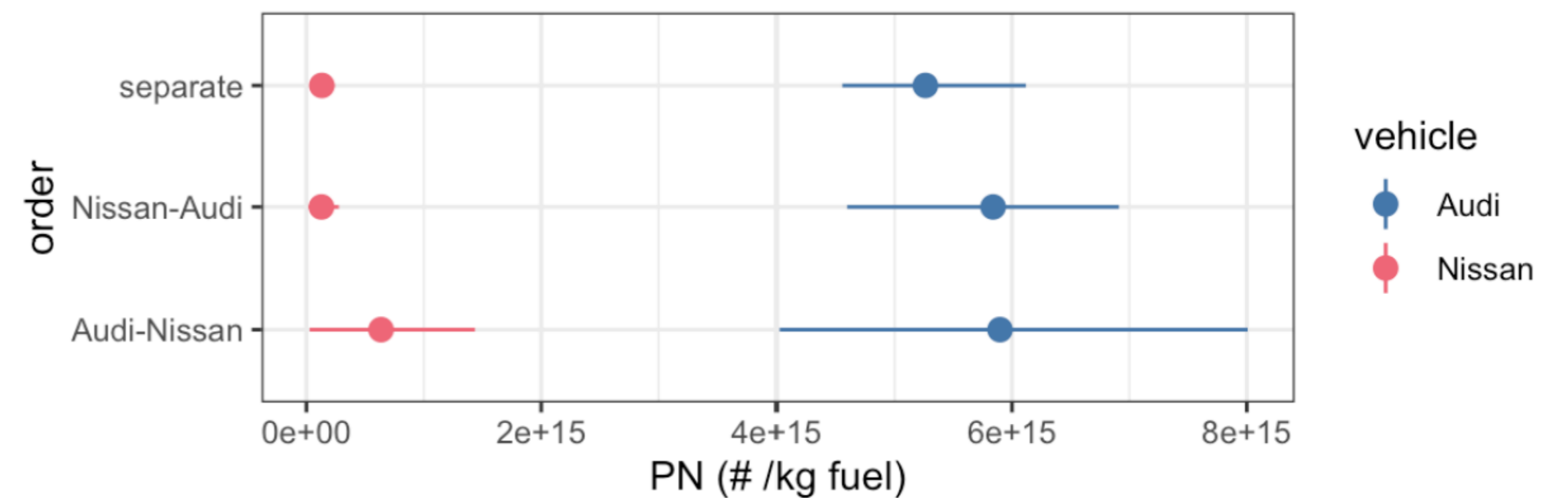
- **Audi A3 (1999):** 1.9 TDI diesel, 108 HP, **without DPF** (pre-Euro 4)
- **Nissan Qashqai (2004):** 2.0 TDI diesel, 150 HP, with DPF (Euro 4+)

Key Findings

Vehicle	Mean PN EF	Result
Audi A3 (no DPF)	High PN	Consistent with Euro 3 diesel
Nissan Qashqai (DPF)	Very low PN	Consistent with functional DPF performance (Euro 4/5)

Test Scenarios

- **Single passes:** Vehicles measured individually with clear plume separation.
- **Close-following passes:** Vehicles traveling close together (overlapping plumes).



RSD + PN COUNTING

Benefits for Stakeholders



For PTI Operators

- Pre-screening flags DPF failures before vehicle enters PTI
- Reduces inspection workload (targeted testing of high-emitters)
- Complete audit trail: RSD + extractive PN verification



For PN Manufacturers

- Proven integration with existing RSD infrastructure (complementarity)
- Compatible methodology with PTI-grade PN counters
- Shared regulatory framework (EU Roadworthiness Package alignment)



For Regulators

- Mass screening (RSD) + precise verification (PTI PN) = comprehensive enforcement
- Detects both gaseous emissions and particulate number violations
- Real-world data complements laboratory measurements

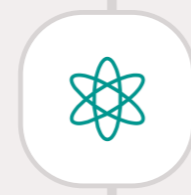


RSD + PN COUNTING

Complete Enforcement

Cost-Effective Mass Screening

RSD monitors entire fleets continuously at minimal per-vehicle cost, maximizing coverage within constrained enforcement budgets



Full Pollutant Coverage

Combined gaseous and particulate emissions monitoring closes every gap in the current enforcement landscape



EU-Ready Deployment

Proven technology, ISO-accredited accuracy, and centralized data integration — ready for immediate rollout under the Roadworthiness Package

The integration of **Remote Sensing** with **Particle Number Counting** delivers the most comprehensive, cost-effective enforcement solution available for EU roadworthiness compliance - addressing both gaseous and particulate emissions within a single operational framework.



Real Measurements.
Efficient solutions.

fabio.pelosi@opusrse.com

www.opusrse.com