

# Powerful approach for characterising vehicle interior air quality

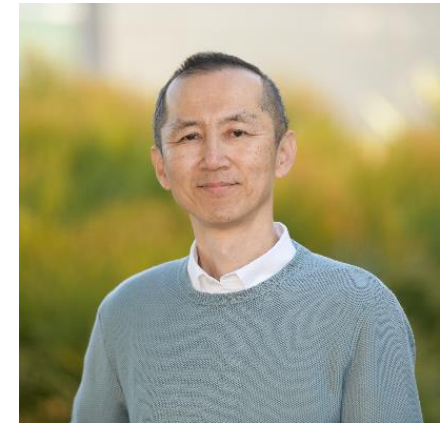
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# Agenda

- How bad is pollution entry into the vehicle cabin?
- Does it matter from a health and safety perspective?
- New standardised test method
- Results from comparative filter testing
- Future applications

In collaboration with:  
Professor Heejung Jung



# The issue

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# Pollution in the cabin

- Very limited regulation – mainly health and safety at work in Europe
- Issue is particle ingress through heating, ventilation and air conditioning (HVAC) system via filter
- Ambient particle concentrations measured around roadways
  - 22,901 #/cm<sup>3</sup> in Los Angeles
  - 43,312 #/cm<sup>3</sup> near Oxford, UK
  - and 3.1 µg/m<sup>3</sup>
- Ambient PM within WHO guidelines of <5 µg/m<sup>3</sup>
- No limits for PN; typical rural background of 2,610 #/cm<sup>3</sup>
- Using recirculation mode to stop ingress leads to carbon dioxide build-up

# Potential health and safety impacts

- Particles  $>10\ \mu\text{m}$  are stopped in the nose;  $<2.5\ \mu\text{m}$  can penetrate deep in lungs
- Retention half-life of 250 nm particles 170 days; 20 nm ultrafines are 500 days
- Ultrafine particles can cause stronger and more persistent inflammation
- Potential diseases caused by particle inhalation: respiratory, cardiovascular, central nervous system, diabetes and cancer
- Precise role of particles in these illnesses is still largely unknown, although the body of evidence is growing – apply precautionary principle?
- Double-blind cognitive tests suggests 50% lower scores in the presence of high  $\text{CO}_2$
- Worst performance on decision-making, focus and crisis response
- Potential driving safety risk, especially with multiple passengers

A man with a beard and dark hair, wearing a green sweater over a blue and white checkered shirt, is focused on his work in a laboratory. He is looking down at a piece of equipment. The background is filled with various pieces of scientific or industrial equipment, including a green machine and a rack of server-like units. A semi-transparent blue banner is overlaid on the right side of the image, containing text.

# Standardised method

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# Methodology overview

- HVAC systems are complex and non-linear
  - No existing standard method for real-world particle ingress testing
  - Novel concept proposed in SAE International paper in 2019
  - Standardisation pursued through CEN Workshop 103, with ~50 participants
  - CWA17934 published in September 2022
- Key concept: ratio of average inside to outside particle concentration converges to repeatable value for given vehicle set-up, with wide boundary conditions

# Equipment set-up

- Stainless steel, forward-facing exterior sample inlet
- Head-height sample point between vehicle headrests
- 1" diameter satisfies isokinetic sampling up to  $2\mu\text{m}$  at 80km/h
- Matched pair of detectors



**PIMS** vehicle interior  
air quality testing



**GRIMM** AEROSOL  
TECHNIK



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# CWA17934 – essentials

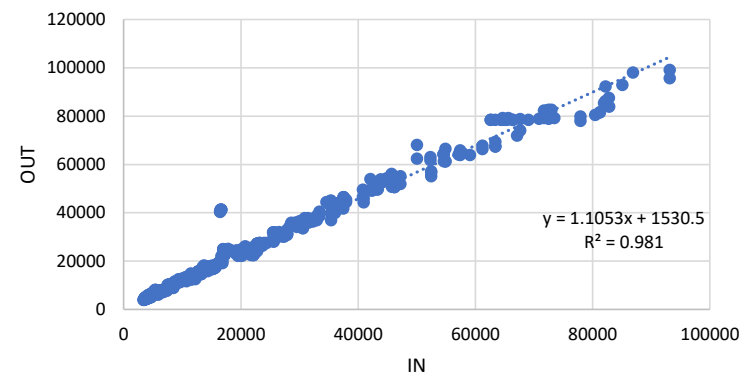
- Urban driving 30-50 km/h; max speed 80 km/h
- Test duration 30-120 minutes
- No rain, fog or snow
- New filters aged 100 km
- Mean external PN concentration 5-100k #/cm<sup>3</sup>
- Ambient temperature 5-25 degrees Celsius
- Correlation slope 0.8-1.2, r<sup>2</sup> ≥ 0.98

1 FOR INFORMATION

2 SUBJECT

Draft CWA Real drive test method for collecting vehicle interior air quality data – Final version for publication

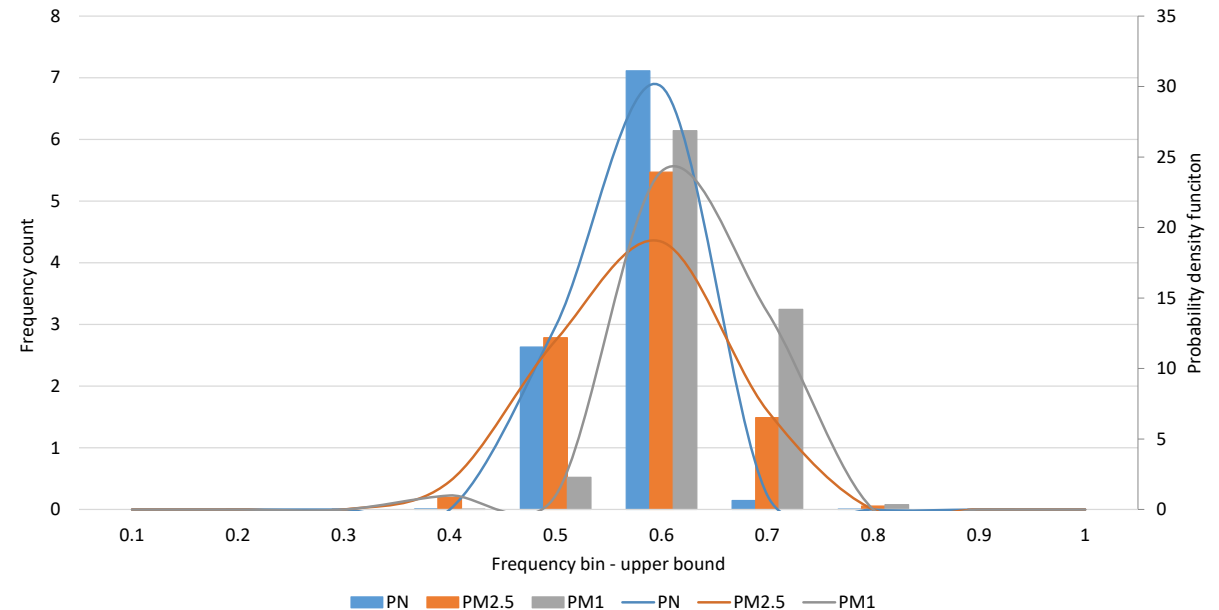
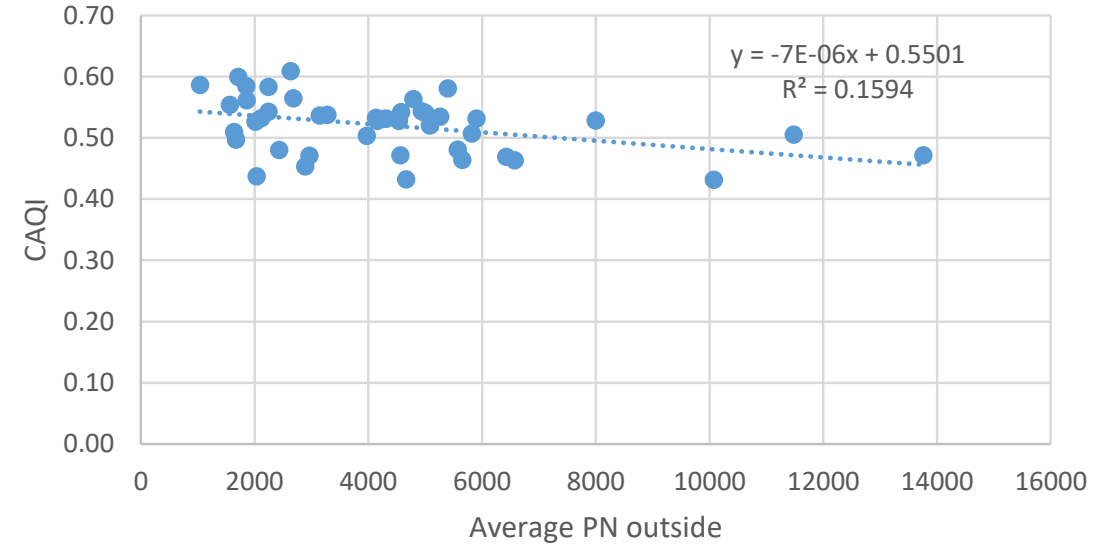
$$CAQI_i = \frac{\int_0^t C_{i,cabin} dt}{\int_0^t C_{i,outside} dt}$$



# Boundary conditions

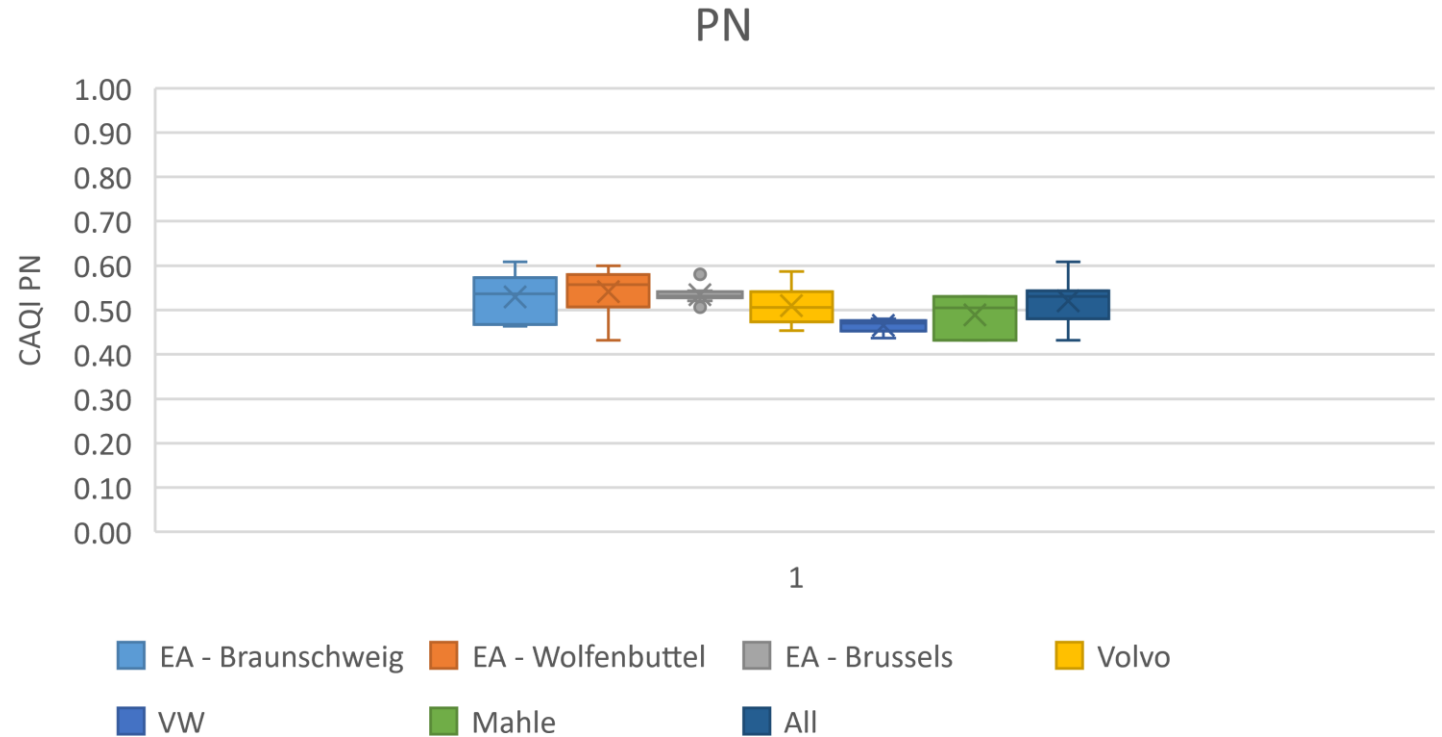
- CAQI is independent of...
  - Mean outside concentrations
  - Peak outside concentrations
  - Ambient temperature
- ...within boundaries similar to RDE
- Variability has Normal distribution consistent with random error

PN CAQI



# Repeatability

- Volkswagen Golf
- GRIMM miniWRAS
- 6 different locations
- Germany, Sweden, Belgium
- 4 different testers
- 3 vehicle OEMs



|                   | FRESH   |               |                |                |               |
|-------------------|---------|---------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|
|                   | Repeats | Test duration | Max PN outside | Avg PN outside | PN CAQI       |
| EA - Braunschweig | 9       | 1800 +/- 0    | 106000         | 3774 +/- 1665  | 0.53 +/- 0.05 |
| EA - Wolfenbuttel | 8       | 1800 +/- 0    | 225600         | 2409 +/- 1088  | 0.54 +/- 0.05 |
| EA - Brussels     | 13      | 1776 +/- 58   | 95110          | 5162 +/- 1029  | 0.53 +/- 0.02 |
| Volvo             | 7       | 1800 +/- 0    | 46770          | 2247 +/- 962   | 0.51 +/- 0.04 |
| VW                | 5       | 1476 +/- 329  | 77240          | 6149 +/- 4620  | 0.47 +/- 0.02 |
| Mahle             | 3       | 1800 +/- 0    | 93160          | 8603 +/- 3830  | 0.49 +/- 0.05 |

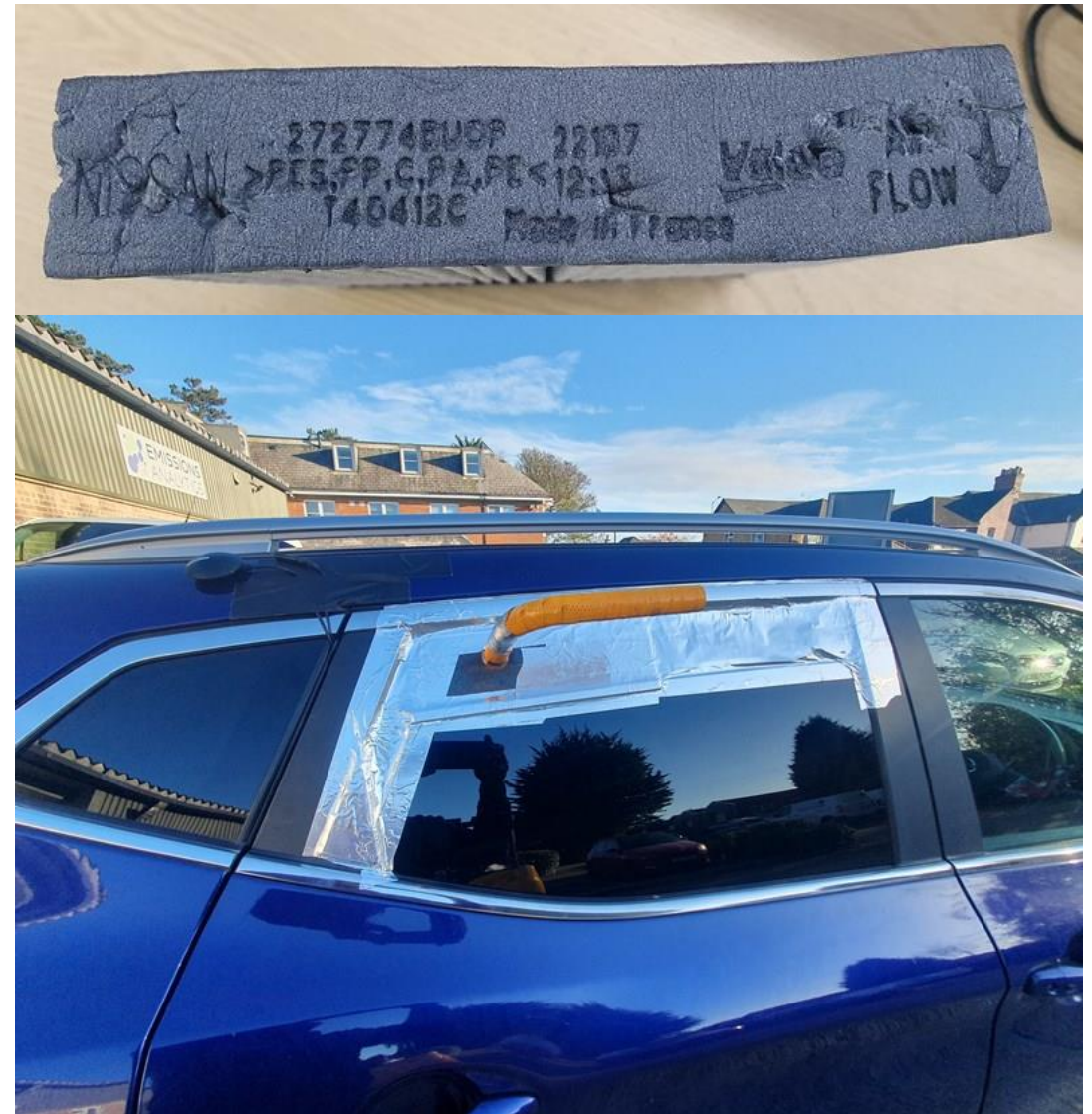
The image shows the front interior of a car, viewed from the driver's perspective. The car has a light-colored leather interior with a diamond-quilted pattern on the seats. The dashboard and center console are illuminated with a blue ambient light. The steering wheel is black with silver accents. The text "Filter test results" is overlaid in white on a dark blue horizontal band across the center of the image.

# Filter test results

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# Test programme

- Nissan Qashqai Euro 6 diesel
- Testing near Oxford, UK
- According to CWA17934
- December 2022
  
- Original, aged filter
- Brand new OEM filter
- 5 different aftermarket filters



# Comparative results

- Aged filter (>2 years) worst performer
- Best filter almost three times better at stopping PN ingress than worst
- Price range from \$13 to \$44
- Impressive repeatability, given the wide boundaries
- Relative quick, easy and cheap intervention to reduce human exposures

| Filter         | Mean PN CAQI | Standard deviation |
|----------------|--------------|--------------------|
| Old filter     | 0.93         | 0.04               |
| OEM new filter | 0.52         | 0.05               |
| Alternative #1 | 0.69         | 0.05               |
| Alternative #2 | 0.52         | 0.05               |
| Alternative #3 | 0.18         | 0.02               |
| Alternative #4 | 0.44         | 0.08               |
| Alternative #5 | 0.70         | 0.04               |
| Mean           | 0.57         | 0.05               |

# Summary

- New standardised method makes characterising HVAC performance tractable
- Relatively short, practical test
- In real-world conditions, with wide boundaries
- To allow comparison of filters, HVAC systems and vehicles
- Repeatability shown for PN ingress
- Larger variability on PM, but concentrations generally low
- Firm methodological platform for inclusion of additional pollutants

# Future directions

- Testing vehicles comparatively for consumer information
- Subscription database for benchmarking and R&D
- Widening boundary conditions
- Measuring ingress of NO<sub>x</sub> and VOCs
- Build-up of VOCs from off-gassing from interior materials

PN Filtration Recirc Off PN Filtration Recirc On CO<sub>2</sub> Stuffiness Recirc Off CO<sub>2</sub> Stuffiness Recirc On PN Cleanup Recirc Off PN Cleanup Recirc On CO<sub>2</sub> Cleanup Recirc Off CO<sub>2</sub> Cleanup Recirc On

**Dynamic Real-world Driving Test:** PN Filtration is the ratio of in-cabin particulates to outside air particulates. Lower is better.

| Gasoline |              |      |     |     | Diesel |              |    |     |     | Mixed      |              |    |     |              |   |   |         |                          |                         |                                       |                                      |                       |                      |                                    |                                   |  |
|----------|--------------|------|-----|-----|--------|--------------|----|-----|-----|------------|--------------|----|-----|--------------|---|---|---------|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| #        | Manufacturer | FR   | MoM | YoY | #      | Manufacturer | FR | MoM | YoY | #          | Manufacturer | FR | MoM | YoY          | Test Date                                 | Test Description                          | EQUA Cq | PN Filtration Recirc Off | PN Filtration Recirc On | CO <sub>2</sub> Stuffiness Recirc Off | CO <sub>2</sub> Stuffiness Recirc On | PN Cleanup Recirc Off | PN Cleanup Recirc On | CO <sub>2</sub> Cleanup Recirc Off | CO <sub>2</sub> Cleanup Recirc On |  |
| 1        | GMC*         | 0.31 |     |     |        |              |    |     |     | 1          | Toyota*      |    |     |              |   |   |         |                          |                         |                                       |                                      |                       |                      |                                    |                                   |  |
| 2        | Audi*        | 0.52 |     |     |        |              |    |     |     | 2          | Hyundai*     |    |     |              | > 2019-04-09                              | 2019 Volvo XC90 2.0L Regular Gasoline 5DR | B       | 0.88                     | 0.10                    | 0.17                                  | 1.35                                 | 0.30                  | 0.58                 | 0.75                               | 1.00                              |  |
| 3        | Volvo        | 0.64 |     |     |        |              |    |     |     | Market Ave |              |    |     | > 2018-12-20 | 2019 Volvo V60 2.0L Regular Gasoline 5DR  | B   | 0.48    | 0.06                     | 0.10                    | 2.12                                  | 0.35                                 | 0.50                  | 0.95                 | 1.01                               |                                   |  |
| 4        | Volkswagen   | 0.71 |     |     |        |              |    |     |     | 3          | Lexus*       |    |     |              | > 2018-12-12                              | 2019 Volvo XC90 2.0L Regular Gasoline 5DR | A       | 0.60                     | 0.17                    | 0.05                                  | 1.13                                 | 0.45                  | 0.77                 | 0.86                               | 1.05                              |  |
| 5        | BMW          | 0.72 |     |     |        |              |    |     |     |            |              |    |     | > 2018-12-07 | 2019 Volvo XC40 2.0L Premium Gasoline 5DR | C   | 0.66    | 0.18                     | 0.23                    | 2.64                                  | 0.49                                 | 0.58                  | 0.76                 | 1.01                               |                                   |  |
| 6        | Chevrolet    | 0.73 |     |     |        |              |    |     |     |            |              |    |     | > 2018-11-26 | 2019 Volvo S60 2.0L Regular Gasoline 4DR  | C   | 0.58    | 0.10                     | 0.03                    | 2.89                                  | 0.28                                 | 0.54                  | 0.73                 | 1.00                               |                                   |  |



Thank you.

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## Assured

Emissions testing in real-world conditions brings challenges that experience anticipates and expertise overcomes. We deliver.

## Independent

Objectivity and candour are the driving forces in all our work, so you know the facts.

## Responsive

We're fast on our feet so we can conduct emissions testing when and where we're needed.

# Our Belief

When it comes to the pursuit for improved air quality, we believe in the power of clarity, transparency and integrity. With real-world data we can meet emissions challenges – instilling trust and confidence in our industry partners and public.

It's with our commitment and independence we are able to make a significant contribution toward positive change and to achieve enduring results.